

Enhanced transparency framework at the UNFCCC – what it means for countries

Results from case studies on how to improve land monitoring

Cristina Urrutia, Synthesis Workshop, 14 June 2024 in Addis Ababa

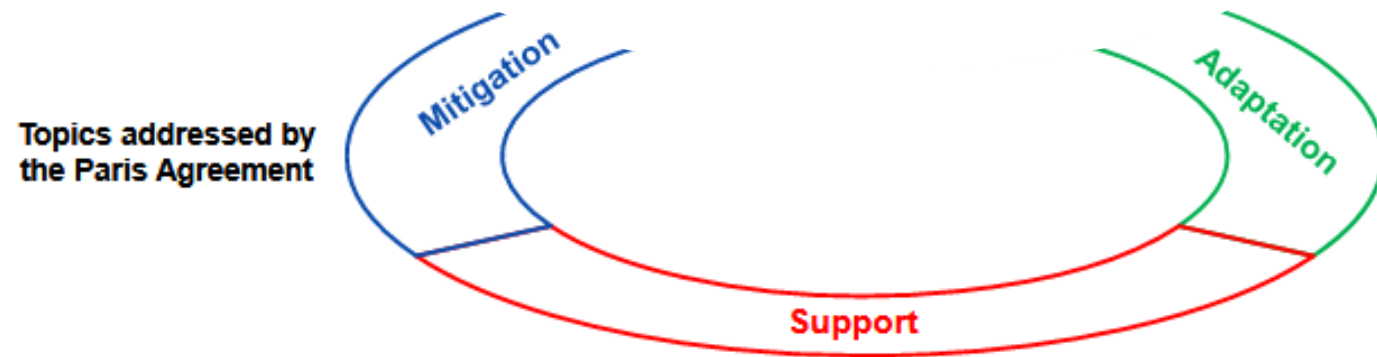
Overview

- What is the enhanced transparency framework (ETF)?
- Why is it important?
- What does it mean for countries?

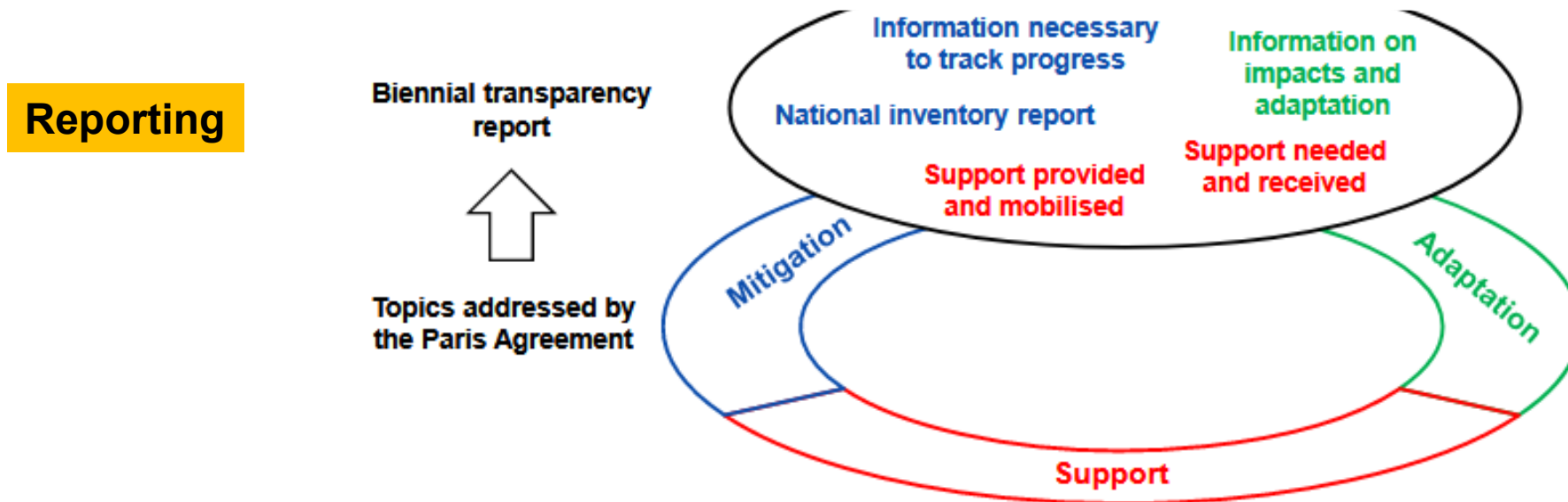
What is the ETF?

- From MRV to transparency → the ETF builds on and supersedes parts of MRV System under the Convention
- Article 13 of the Paris Agreement + CMA decisions (modalities, procedures and guidelines + transparency guidance)
- Purpose:
 - Build mutual trust and confidence
 - Promote effective implementation
 - Provide transparency of action
 - Tracking progress towards achieving NDCs
 - Provide clarity on support provided and received

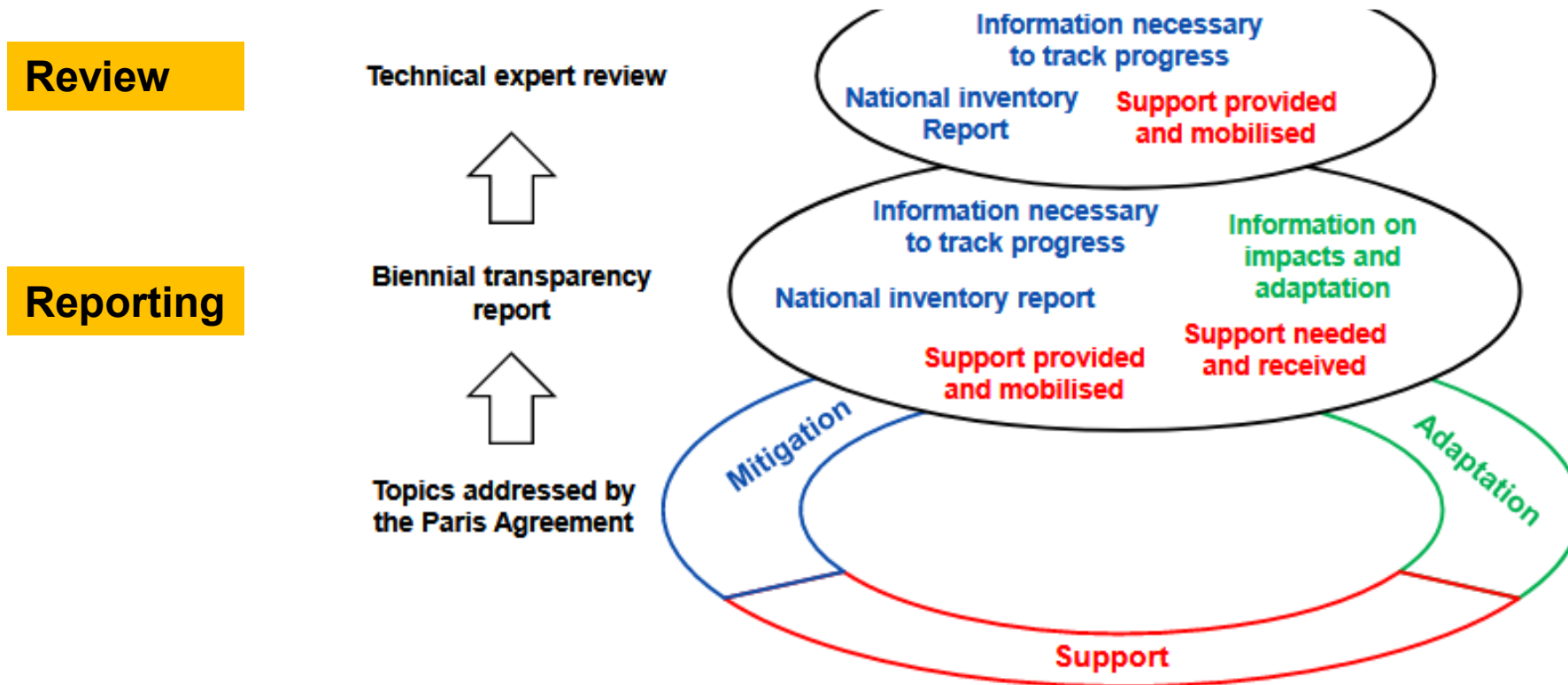
Overview of the ETF



Overview of the ETF



Overview of the ETF



Overview of the ETF

Consideration

Facilitative, multilateral consideration of progress



Review

Technical expert review

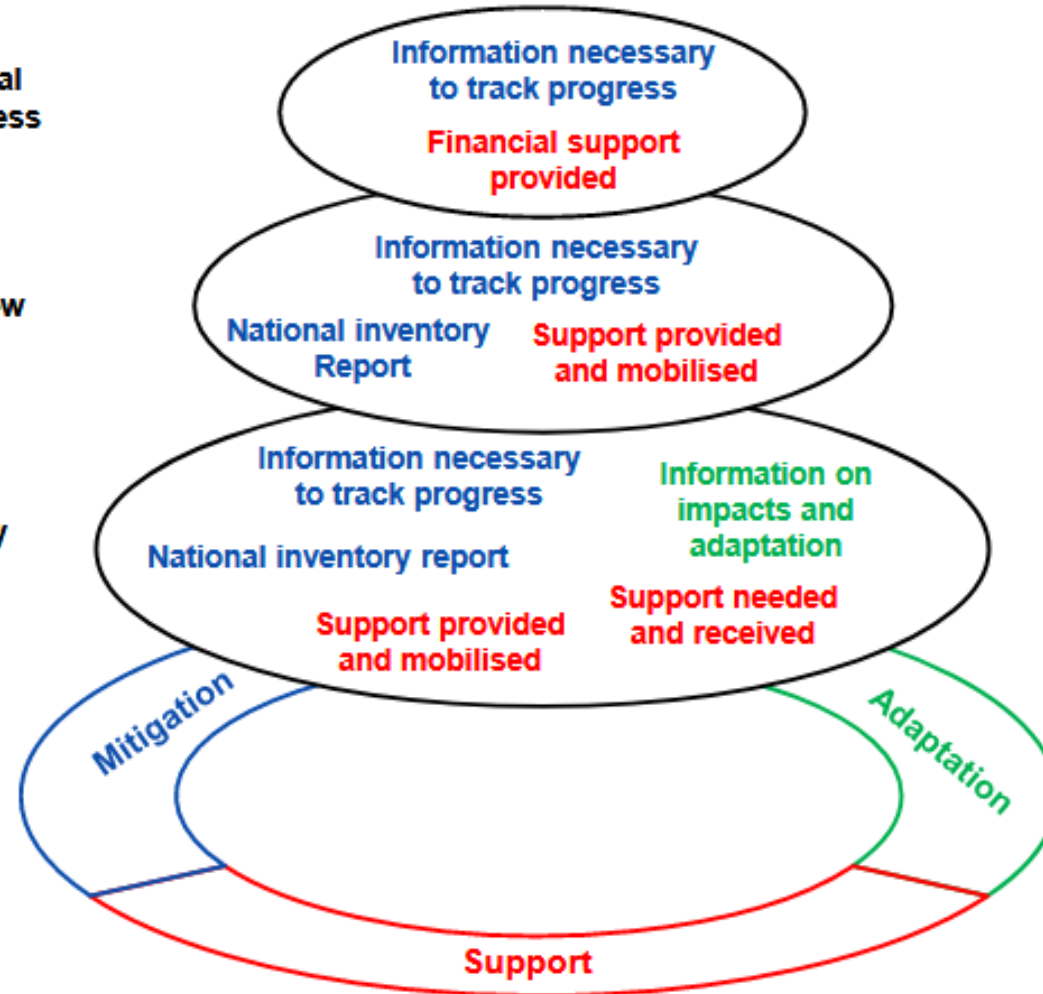


Reporting

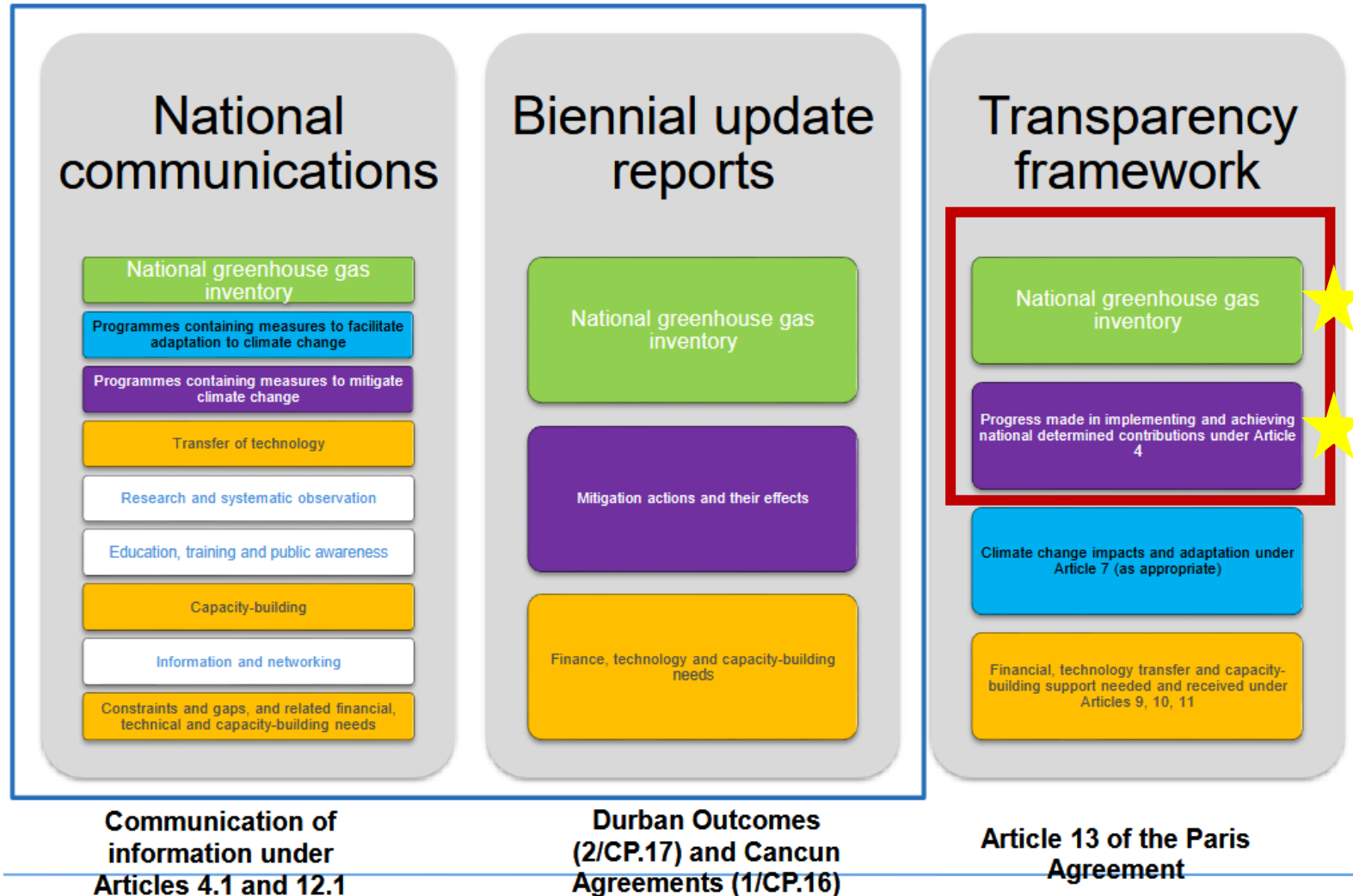
Biennial transparency report



Topics addressed by the Paris Agreement

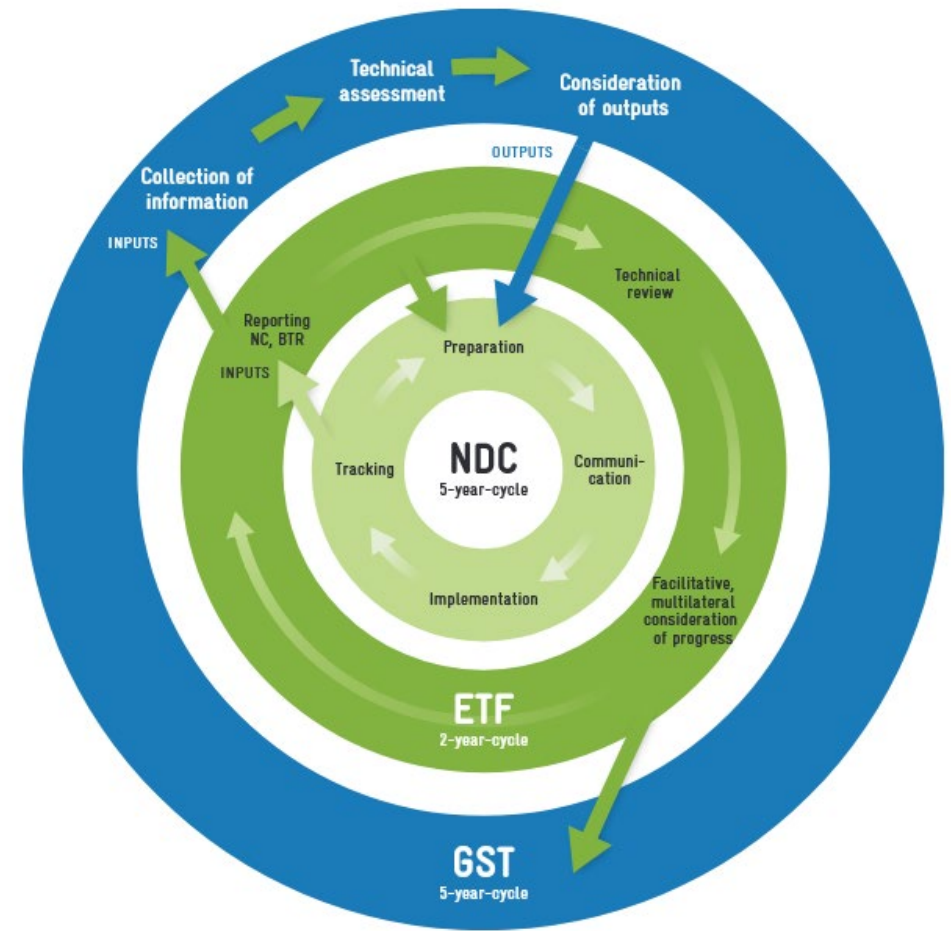


Enhanced transparency framework vis-à-vis existing MRV arrangements: reporting



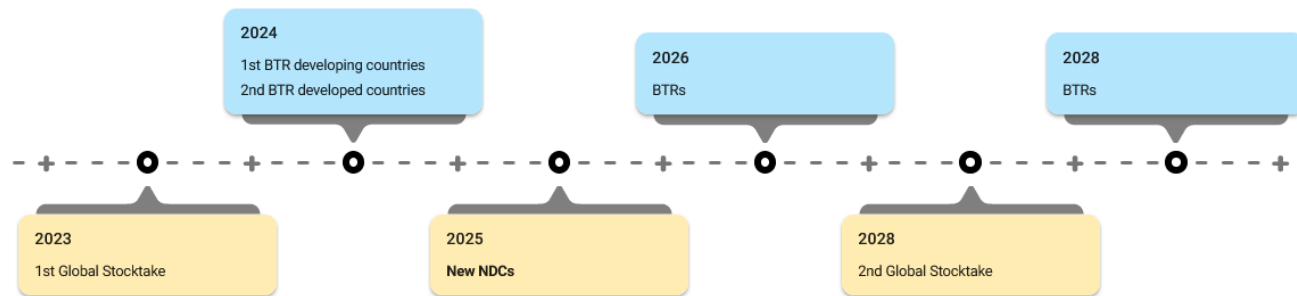
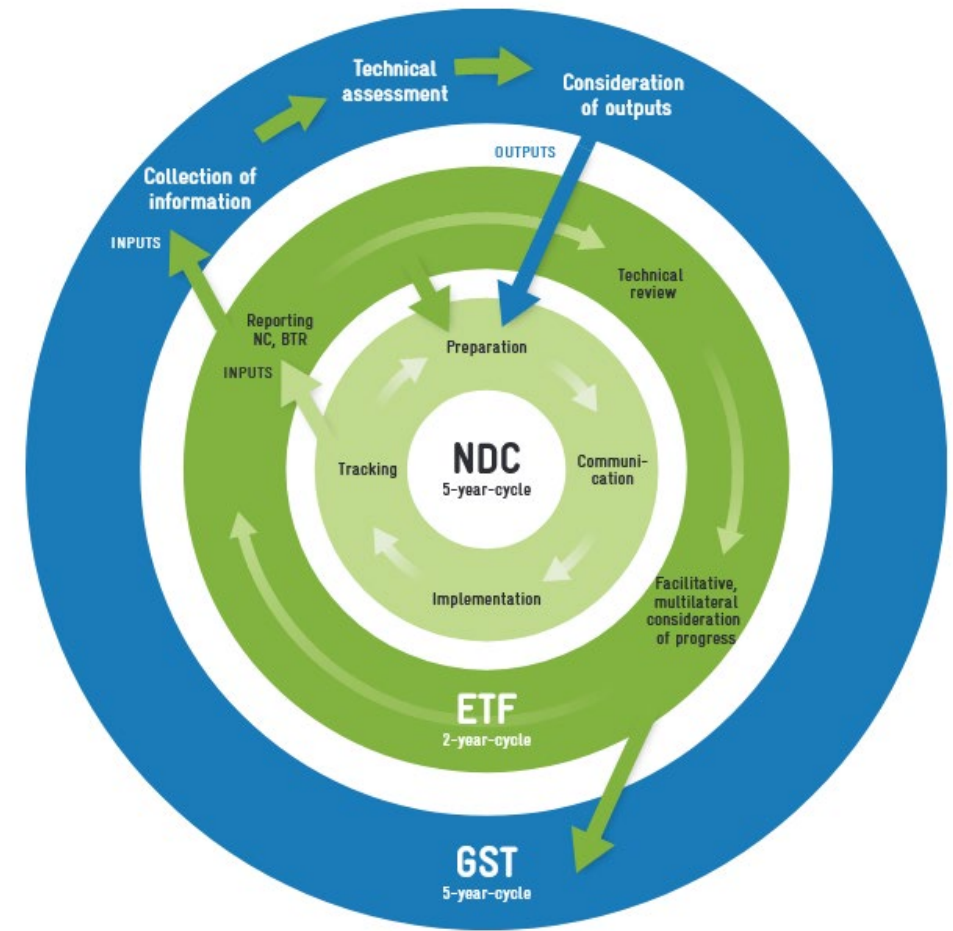
Why is the ETF important?

- A common framework for all Parties
- Broad participation → flexibility
- Trust and accountability among Parties
- Input to the GST → assessment of collective progress



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What does the ETF mean for countries?

- Regular reporting → every two years
- Need for improved institutional arrangements
- Capacity building and improvement over time
- Improved information over time
- The BTR as a domestic policy making tool

The ETF encourages universal participation and greater transparency.

Effective participation in the ETF is expected to result in:

The infographic consists of four horizontal maroon arrows pointing to the right, each with an icon and text. The first arrow features an icon of three documents labeled 'ZIBU'S PRIOR POLICIES', 'ZIBU'S POLICIES', and 'CLIMATE RESILIENT STRATEGY', with the text 'INCREASED STAKEHOLDER AWARENESS'. The second arrow features an icon of four hands of different colors (green, purple, blue, brown) raised, with the text 'ENHANCED POLITICAL / DOMESTIC BUY-IN'. The third arrow features an icon of two hands holding a globe, with the text 'INFORMED CLIMATE CHANGE POLICIES, PLANS, STRATEGIES OR PROGRAMS'. The fourth arrow features an icon of a document labeled 'FULL REPORT' with a pie chart, with the text 'IMPROVED CAPACITY TO REPORT OVER TIME'.

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Ethiopia first BUR

- 11. June 2024
- https://unfccc.int/sites/default/files/resource/Ethiopia_First%20BUR.pdf?download

Table 5-1: Key mitigation Policy interventions in NDC

Sector	Policy Interventions
AFOLU	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Sustainable agriculture ● Agriculture mechanization ● Afforestation/Reforestation 3 million ha of land by 2030 (conditional pathway) ● Restoration of 5 million ha of land by 2030 (conditional pathway) ● Reducing deforestation and forest degradation by 50%